Application No. 10/663,817

Amendment dated June 9, 2008

Docket No.: N9810.0032/P032

After Final Office Action of December 10, 2007

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1-21 (Canceled).

22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the amount of the spray is

predetermined.

23. (Previously presented) A method for administering an effective amount of a

pharmacologically active compound to a mammal to provide transmucosal absorption of a

pharmacologically effective amount of the active compound through the oral mucosa of the

mammal to the systemic circulatory system of the mammal, comprising:

spraying the oral mucosa of the mammal with a propellant free buccal spray

composition, containing a pharmacologically active compound dissolved in a pharmacologically

acceptable solvent, comprising in weight percent of the composition:

a polar solvent in an amount ranging from 30-99.69%; and

an active compound in an amount ranging from 0.005-55% by weight of the total

composition; wherein the active compound is selected from the group consisting of a central

nervous system active amine, a sulfonyl urea, an antibiotic, an antiviral, a sleep inducer, an

antiasthmatic, an antiemetic, a histamine H-2 receptor antagonist, a barbiturate, a prostaglandin or a

bronchial dilator.

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, further comprising a flavoring

agent in an amount ranging from 0.1 to 10 percent by weight of the composition.

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the polar solvent is present

in an amount ranging from 60.9-97.06 percent by weight of the composition, the active compound is

present in an amount ranging from 0.01 to 40 percent by weight of the composition, and the

flavoring agent is present in an amount ranging from 0.75 to 7.5 percent by weight of the

composition.

2

DSMDB-2384915

Application No. 10/663,817 Amendment dated June 9, 2008 After Final Office Action of December 10, 2007 Docket No.: N9810.0032/P032

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the polar solvent comprises a low molecular weight polyethylene glycol (PEG) having a molecular weight ranging from 400 to 1,000, a C<sub>2</sub> to C<sub>8</sub> mono- and polyalcohol, or an alcohol of C<sub>7</sub> to C<sub>18</sub> hydrocarbon of linear or branched configuration.

- 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the solvent comprises aqueous polyethylene alcohol.
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the solvent comprises aqueous ethanol.
- 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the active compound is selected from the group consisting of cyclosporine, clozapine, zidevudine, ondansetron, carboprost, thromethamine or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.